



LEEDS CHILDREN'S  
SERVICES

**Raynville**



Raynville  
Academy

SAFEGUARDING & CHILD  
PROTECTION POLICY FOR  
SCHOOLS & COLLEGES

Academic Year **2021-22**

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Leeds Safeguarding  
Children Partnership



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The following information is intended to support schools and colleges in developing their own safeguarding & child protection policy. Reference to schools throughout this document includes free schools, academies, independents, special schools and alternative provision, please amend as appropriate to your individual setting. Please delete this paragraph and replace or act upon other coloured text.

This Safeguarding & Child Protection Policy is available on the school website and is reviewed and ratified annually by the governing body/board of trustees or as events, or legislation requires. Any deficiencies or weaknesses identified will be remedied without delay.

Part 1 of this policy is for all staff and governors.

Part 2 of this policy document has a suite of model pro-formas for schools to adapt to support their own in-house safeguarding arrangements and is principally for use by Designated Safeguarding Staff, lead governors and senior leadership teams. Please delete any pro-formas that are not relevant and add any that are bespoke to your own school safeguarding arrangements and delete this paragraph.

Academic year	Designated Safeguarding Lead	Deputy Designated Safeguarding Lead/s	Nominated Governor	Chair of Governors
2021-22	Jane Hopwood	Joanne Briscoe Gill Kilner Adele Baranyi	Louise Harrison	Sarah Tulip

Policy Review date	Date Ratified by governors	Date Shared with staff
August 2022	Sept 2021	6th September 2021

### Child Protection and Safeguarding Advice Contact List – September 2021

Role / Agency	Name and role	Contact Details
<b>School Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL) / Child Protection Coordinator</b>	Jane Hopwood	j.hopwood@raynvilleacademy.org.uk  0113 257 9590
<b>Deputy DSL</b>	Joanne Briscoe Gill Kilner Adele Baranyi	j.briscoe@raynvilleacademy.org.uk g.kilner@raynvilleacademy.org.uk a.baranyi@raynvilleacademy.org.uk
<b>DSLs</b>		
<b>Governor with responsibility for Child Protection and Safeguarding</b>	Louise Harrison	l.harrison@raynvilleacademy.org.uk  0113 257 9590
<b>Chair Of Governors</b>	Sarah Tulip	

<b>Designated Teacher for Looked After and previously Looked After Children</b>	Jane Hopwood	j.hopwood@raynvilleacademy.org.uk
<b>SENDCo</b>	Jane Hopwood	j.hopwood@raynvilleacademy.org.uk
<b>PSHE / RSE Coordinator</b>	Julie Kahlon Kate Ridley	j.kahlon@raynvilleacademy.org.uk k.ridley@raynvilleacademy.org.uk
<b>Online Safety Coordinator</b>	Leah Fernie Sarah Buono	l.fernie@raynvilleacademy.org.uk s.buono@raynvilleacademy.org.uk
<b>CSWS Duty and Advice / Front Door Safeguarding Hub</b>	Urgent Child Protection concerns / initial referral	Professionals – 0113 3760336 Members of the public – 0113 2223301
<b>CSWS Emergency Duty Team (out of hours)</b>	Urgent Child Protection concerns	0113 535 0600 <a href="mailto:childrensEDT@leeds.gov.uk">childrensEDT@leeds.gov.uk</a>
<b>Education Safeguarding Team</b>	Advice / Training / Safeguarding Audit	0113 3789685 <a href="mailto:estconsultation@leeds.gov.uk">estconsultation@leeds.gov.uk</a>
<b>Local Authority Designated Officer</b>	Allegations against adults in school	0113 3789687 <a href="mailto:lado@leeds.gov.uk">lado@leeds.gov.uk</a>
<b>NSPCC Whistleblowing Helpline</b>	Allegations against adults in school	0800 028 0285
<b>Cluster Targeted Services Lead</b>	Family Support / Attendance / Early Help / Pupil Counsellor	Bramley Cluster 0113 386 2360
<b>PREVENT Team</b>	Prevent training/advice	0113 535 0810 <a href="mailto:prevent@leeds.gov.uk">prevent@leeds.gov.uk</a>

The school is committed to safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children and young people and expects all staff, volunteers and visitors to share this commitment.

**All staff** refers to all adults, volunteers (including governors) or students on placement, working in any capacity in the school or in activities organised by the school which brings them in to contact with pupils of the school.

**Child Protection** refers to the multi-agency arrangements to identify and protect children who are or may be at risk of or suffering significant harm.

**Safeguarding** refers to the protection, safety and promotion of the welfare of all pupils including when in off-site provision or activities and using ICT. This includes the building of resilience and awareness of risk through the formal and informal curriculum.

**Child** is any pupil under the age of 18.

## **Glossary**

- DSL Designated Safeguarding Lead
- DDSL Deputy Designated Safeguarding Lead
- SENDCo Special Education Needs and Disabilities Coordinator
- DT Designated Teacher for Looked After and previously Looked After Children.
- PSHE Personal, social, health and economic
- RSE Relationships and Sex Education
- CSWS Childrens' Social Work Services
- KCSiE Keeping Children Safe in Education (DfE, September 2021.)

## **Visitors to school**

All visitors must sign in on arrival and collect a visitor's badge/lanyard/sticker and a School Information Leaflet which outlines Child Protection and Safeguarding procedures in school and how to report any concerns regarding a child/young person or another adult in school. Visitor badges/lanyards/stickers must be worn at all times when in school. Staff must ensure that visitors to school are supervised as appropriate and the requisite pre-employment checks have been completed as referenced in Part 3 of KCSiE.

## Part One:

- **Aims**

- The school aims to ensure that:
  - Appropriate action is taken in a timely manner to safeguard and promote children's welfare
  - All staff are aware of their statutory responsibilities with respect to safeguarding, identifying children in need of early help, at risk of harm or those that have been harmed.
  - Staff are properly trained in recognising and reporting safeguarding issues
  - A culture of vigilance is created and maintained to ensure that we will also act in the best interests of children to protect them online and offline.
  - Systems for reporting abuse are well promoted, easily understood and easily accessible for children
- The Governing Body and staff of Raynville Academy (hereinafter referred to as "the school") take as our first priority the responsibility to safeguard and promote the welfare of our pupils, to minimise risk and to work together with other agencies to ensure rigorous arrangements are in place within our school to identify, assess and support those children who are suffering harm and to keep them safe and secure whilst in our care.
- The responsibilities set out in this policy apply (as appropriate) to all members of the school community including pupils, staff, governors, visitors/contractors, volunteers, supply staff, students on placement and trainees working within the school. It is fully incorporated into the whole school/college ethos and is underpinned throughout the teaching of the curriculum, within PSHE and within the safety of the physical environment provided for the pupils.

- **Legislation and guidance**

This policy is based on the Department for Education's statutory guidance, [Keeping Children Safe in Education \(KCSIE\) 2021](#) and [Working Together to Safeguard Children \(WTTSC 2018\)](#) and the [Governance Handbook](#). We comply with this guidance and the procedures set out by the Leeds Safeguarding Children partnership (LSCP).

This policy is also based on the following legislation and guidance:

Section 175 of the [Education Act 2002](#), which places a duty on schools and local authorities to safeguard and promote the welfare of pupils

[The School Staffing \(England\) Regulations 2009](#), which set out what must be recorded on the single central record and the requirement for at least one person on a school interview/appointment panel to be trained in safer recruitment techniques

Part 3 of the schedule to the [Education \(Independent School Standards\) Regulations 2014](#), which places a duty on academies and independent schools to safeguard and promote the welfare of pupils at the school

[The Children Act 1989](#) (and [2004 amendment](#)), which provides a framework for the care and protection of children

Section 5B(11) of the Female Genital Mutilation Act 2003, as inserted by section 74 of the [Serious Crime Act 2015](#), which places a statutory duty on teachers to report to the police

where they discover that female genital mutilation (FGM) appears to have been carried out on a girl under 18

[Statutory guidance on FGM](#), which sets out responsibilities with regards to safeguarding and supporting girls affected by FGM

[The Rehabilitation of Offenders Act 1974](#), which outlines when people with criminal convictions can work with children

Schedule 4 of the [Safeguarding Vulnerable Groups Act 2006](#), which defines what 'regulated activity' is in relation to children

Statutory [G HYPERLINK "https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/prevent-duty-guidance"](https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/prevent-duty-guidance) [Guidance on the Prevent duty](#), which explains schools' duties under the Counter-Terrorism and Security Act 2015 with respect to protecting people from the risk of radicalisation and extremism

Guidance for safer working practice for those working with children and young people in education settings (GSWP) (Safer Recruitment Consortium May 2019)

[Guidance for safer working practice for those working with children and young people in education settings \(Safer Recruitment Consortium Addendum April 2020\)](#)

[Sexual violence and sexual harassment between children in schools and colleges \(DfE 2021\)](#)

[Sharing nudes and semi-nudes: advice for education settings working with children and young people \(Department for Digital, Culture, Media & Sport and UK Council for Internet Safety 2020\)](#)

[Safeguarding and remote education during coronavirus \(COVID-19\) \(DfE, 2021b\)](#)

[Children Missing Education – Statutory guidance for local authorities \(DfE September 2016\)](#)

[When to call the police – Guidance for schools and colleges \(NPCC – 2020\)](#)

**Education and Training (Welfare of Children) Act 2021**  
<https://www.legislation.gov.uk/ukpga/2021/16/contents/enacted>

Schools and colleges are under a statutory duty to cooperate with the published LSCP arrangements. This policy conforms to locally agreed inter-agency procedures [LSCP - Local protocols for Leeds practitioners \(leedsscp.org.uk\)](#) and has been ratified by the LSCP Education Reference Group. It is available to all interested parties on our website and on request from the main school office. It must be read in conjunction with other relevant policies and procedures and KCSiE (DfE 2021).

The [Childcare \(Disqualification\) Regulations 2018](#) [HYPERLINK "http://www.legislation.gov.uk/uksi/2018/794/contents/made"18](http://www.legislation.gov.uk/uksi/2018/794/contents/made) and [Childcare Act 2006](#), which set out who is disqualified from working with children

This policy also meets requirements relating to safeguarding and welfare in the [S HYPERLINK "https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/early-years-foundation-stage-framework--2"tatutory framework for the Early Years Foundation Stage. HYPERLINK "https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/early-years-foundation-stage-framework--2" \(DfE 2021\)](https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/early-years-foundation-stage-framework--2)

This policy also complies with our funding agreement and articles of association.

- **Definitions**

- **Safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children** means:

- Protecting children from maltreatment
- Preventing impairment of children's mental or physical health or development
- Ensuring that children grow up in circumstances consistent with the provision of safe and effective care
- Taking action to enable all children to have the best outcomes

- **Child protection** is part of this definition and refers to activities undertaken to prevent children suffering, or being likely to suffer, significant harm.

- Appendix 1 explains the different types and indicators of abuse.

- **Children** includes everyone under the age of 18.

- **Equality statement**

- Some children have an increased risk of abuse, and additional barriers can exist for some children with respect to recognising or disclosing it. We are committed to anti-discriminatory practice and recognise children's diverse circumstances. We ensure that all children have the same protection, regardless of any barriers they may face.

- We give special consideration to children who:

- Have special educational needs or disabilities
- Are young carers
- May experience discrimination due to their race, ethnicity, disability, religion, gender reassignment, sex or sexual orientation.
- Have English as an additional language
- Are known to be living in difficult situations – for example, temporary accommodation or where there are issues such as substance abuse or domestic violence
- Are at risk of FGM, sexual exploitation, forced marriage, or radicalisation
- Are asylum seekers,
- Children who are in care, previously looked after or any children not growing up with their birth family (this covers private fostering and all kinship arrangements)

- **Roles and responsibilities**

- Safeguarding and child protection is **everyone's** responsibility. This policy applies to all staff (including those not directly employed by the school), volunteers, and governors in the school. Our policy and procedures also apply to extended school and off-site activities. All staff are expected to read this policy as part of their induction



arrangements as well as the documents referenced in section 5.2 (All staff) below and any updates therein.

- **All staff**

- All staff working directly with children will read and understand their statutory responsibilities outlined in Part 1 and Annex B of the Department for Education's statutory safeguarding guidance, [Keeping Children Safe in Education](#), and review this guidance at least annually.
- Staff who do not work directly with children will read either Part 1 or Annex A as determined by the DSL dependent on their roles, responsibilities and contact with children.
- All staff will be aware of:
  - Our systems which support safeguarding, including reading and understanding their professional responsibilities as outlined in Guidance for Safer Working Practice (2019) and the COVID addendum of GSWP (2020), understanding the role of the designated safeguarding lead (DSL/DDSL), reading and understanding the school behaviour policy and their safeguarding responses to children who go missing from education during the school day or otherwise.
  - The early help process and their role in it, including being alert to emerging problems that may warrant Early Help intervention, particularly those identified in Part 1 of KCSiE. All staff should be reporting emerging problems that may warrant early help intervention via the CPOMS reporting system.
  - That children's behaviours can be indicative of their emotional wellbeing and can be linked to mental health. They should be aware of behaviours that may communicate that poor wellbeing can be an indicator of factors such as abuse, neglect or exploitation. Staff should understand the children's experiences such of abuse, neglect, trauma and adverse childhood experiences can impact on children's mental health, behaviour & education.
  - The process for making referrals to local authority children's social work service (CSWS) and for statutory assessments that may follow a referral, including the role they might be expected to play. Fig 1: **Summary of in-school procedures to follow where there are concerns about a child** (Page 15) illustrates the procedure to follow if you have concerns about a child's welfare. Wherever possible, speak to the DSL, DDSL or head teacher (in the absence of a DSL) first to agree a course of action. In the absence of a DSL or head teacher being available, staff must not delay in directly contacting children's social work Duty and Advice team or the police if they believe a child is at immediate risk of significant harm.
  - Our work in partnership with other agencies in the best interests of the children. Requests for service to CSWS will (wherever possible) be made by the Safeguarding Designated Staff, to the CSWS Duty and Advice team (0113 3760336). Where a child already has a child protection social worker, the school will immediately contact the social worker involved or in their absence, the team manager of the child protection social worker.
  - What to do if they identify a safeguarding issue or a child tells them they are being abused or neglected, including specific issues such as Female Genital Mutilation

(FGM), and how to maintain an appropriate level of confidentiality while liaising with relevant professionals.

- In school procedures for recording any cause for concerns and passing information on to DSLs in accordance with school's recording systems.
- The signs of different types of abuse and neglect, as well as specific safeguarding issues, such as child sexual exploitation (CSE), child criminal exploitation (CCE) FGM, radicalisation and serious and violent crime. All staff to be aware safeguarding incidents/ behaviours can occur outside school or college or be associated with outside factors CSE and CCE are forms of abuse and both occur where an individual or group takes advantage of an imbalance in power to coerce, manipulate or deceive a child into sexual or criminal activity.
- Children missing education/absconding during the school day can also be a sign of CCE, including involvement in County Lines.

Appendix 1 details different kinds of abuse.

Appendix 2 provides guidance to staff on how to respond to children who report abuse

- **The designated safeguarding lead (DSL) and deputy designated staff.**
- Our DSL is Jane Hopwood. The DSL takes lead responsibility for child protection and wider safeguarding.
- The optimal scenario is to have a trained DSL or DDSL available on site. Where this is not possible (e.g. due to self-isolating), a trained DSL or DDSL will be available to be contacted via phone or online video – for example when working from home.
- During term time, the DSL will be available during school hours for staff to discuss any safeguarding concerns. Where a trained DSL (or deputy) is not on site, in addition to the above, a senior leader will assume responsibility for co-ordinating safeguarding on site.
- When the DSL is absent, the Pastoral and Inclusion Team will act as cover.
- If the DSL and deputy are not available, the Principal will act as cover (for example, during out-of-hours/out-of-term activities).
- The DSL will be given the time, training, resources and support to:
  - Provide advice and support to other staff on child welfare and child protection matters
  - Take part in strategy discussions and inter-agency meetings and/or support other staff to do so
  - Contribute to the assessment of children by providing as much information as possible as part of the referral process to help social care assessments consider contexts outside the home and enable a contextual approach to harm.
  - Refer suspected cases, as appropriate, to the relevant body (children's social care Duty and Advice team, Channel programme, and/or police), and support staff to comply with their mandatory reporting duties in cases where FGM has been identified.
  - Jane Hopwood will ensure that all staff involved in direct case work of vulnerable children, where there are child protection concerns/issues, have access to regular safeguarding supervision. (Ref: LCC Framework for Supervision (2021).).

- The DSL will also keep the Head teacher/ Principal informed of any issues and liaise with local authority officers and relevant professionals for child protection concerns as appropriate.
- The DSL is responsible for responding to domestic abuse notifications from the local authority and providing support to children and their families as appropriate
- The school will ensure representation at appropriate inter-agency meetings such as Initial and Review Child Protection Conferences, and Planning and Core Group meetings, as well as Family Support Meetings.
- Provide reports as required for meetings. Reports will, wherever possible, be shared with parents/carers at least 24 hours prior to the meeting.
- Where a child in school is subject to an inter-agency child protection plan or any multi-agency risk management plan, the DSL will contribute to the preparation, implementation and review of the plan as appropriate.
- The designated safeguarding lead and any deputies should liaise with the three safeguarding partners and work with other agencies in line with Working Together to Safeguard Children (2018). When to call the police (NPCC 2020) should help designated safeguarding leads understand when they should consider calling the police and what to expect when they do.
- Promote the educational outcomes of children with a social worker and other pupils deemed vulnerable. It is essential therefore that the DSL/SENCo leads all teaching and non-teaching staff as children who are in need of help and protection must also have their learning needs prioritised in planning to ensure education is a protective factor and not only by way of regular attendance at school.

**The full responsibilities of the DSL are set out in Annex C of KCSIE – Role of the designated safeguarding lead. All designated safeguarding leads and deputy safeguarding leads must read and comply with this.**

- **The governing body**

- The governing body will approve this policy at each review and hold the head teacher to account for its implementation and any actions/recommendations made by the Local Authority in respect to strengthening the school's safeguarding arrangements.
- The governing body and proprietors will create a strong culture of safeguarding in school in order to ensure that safeguarding and child protection are at the forefront and underpin all aspects of policy and procedure development.
- The governing body will complete the LA safeguarding and child protection briefing on their strategic roles and responsibilities every three years.
- The governing body will appoint a lead governor to monitor the effectiveness of this policy in conjunction with the full governing body. Lead governors should access the LA designated safeguarding governor training every three years.
- In the event that safeguarding concerns, or an allegation of abuse is made against the head teacher, the chair of governors will act as the 'case manager'. Refer also to Section 16.2.
- The governing body will ensure that the school has appropriate IT filtering and monitoring systems in place and should be informed in part, by the risk assessment required by the Prevent Duty in order to limit children's exposure to online risks.

- The governing body, along with the school's senior leadership team, are responsible for satisfying themselves and obtaining written assurances from any relevant school lettings and alternative/off site providers and provisions that their safeguarding arrangements are secure, in keeping with the requirements set out in KCSIE. This includes ensuring that the provision has effective safeguarding policy/procedures/training in place for all staff. The provision follows safer recruitment processes and have clear allegation management processes. Pupils who attend alternative provisions can often have complex needs and it is important that these settings are aware of the additional risk of harm that their pupils may be vulnerable to and appropriate risk assessments/support plans are in place where pupils access provision offsite. Raynville Academy use the following alternative or off-site providers and have written evidence of safeguarding arrangements:

ABC Centre and Oasis Centre, through the West AIP

- The governing body will supply information as requested by the LSCP and the Local Authority Education Safeguarding Team.

**The full responsibilities of the governing body are set out in Part Two of KCSIE – The management of safeguarding. The governing body will ensure that the school is fully compliant with their statutory safeguarding responsibilities.**

- **The head teacher/principal**

- The head teacher is responsible for the implementation of this policy, including:
  - Ensuring that staff (including temporary and supply staff) and volunteers are informed of this policy as part of their induction
  - Communicating this policy to parents when their child joins the school and via the school website
  - Ensuring that the roles and responsibilities of the DSL/DDS as referenced in Annex C of KCSIE (2021) are reflected in their job description.
  - Ensuring that the DSL has appropriate time, training and resources, and that there is always adequate cover if the DSL is absent
  - Ensuring that they complete the one day LA course for head teachers/principals on safeguarding and child protection and that all staff undertake appropriate safeguarding and child protection training and update this every three years.
  - Acting as the 'case manager' in the event of an allegation of abuse made against another member of staff (including supply staff) or volunteer, where appropriate.
  - Ensuring that all recommendations made by the Local Authority in relation to strengthening the school's safeguarding arrangements are actioned in a timely fashion.

**Fig 1: Summary of in-school procedures to follow where there are concerns about a child**

\*\* If unhappy about the outcome of the referral to Children's Services Social Care, please refer to: Leeds LSCP Local Protocol: [Concerns Resolution](#).

- Ensuring the relevant staffing ratios are met, where applicable

- Making sure each child in the Early Years Foundation Stage is assigned a key person
- **Confidentiality and Information Sharing**
- Confidentiality is an issue that needs to be understood by all those working with children, particularly in the context of safeguarding.
- School recognises that the only purpose of confidentiality in this respect is to benefit the child. Staff/volunteers and visitors to school should never promise a child that they will not tell anyone about an allegation/report of abuse, and must pass any cause for concerns immediately to a designated safeguarding lead.
- Confidentiality is addressed throughout this policy with respect to record-keeping (see section 18), dealing with reports of abuse (see Appendix 2), allegations of abuse against staff (see section 16.2 ), information sharing and working with parents (see section 6.2).
- Timely information sharing is essential for effective safeguarding. This school/college will share safeguarding information as appropriate in keeping with the principles outlined in the government guidance document, [Information sharing: Advice for practitioners providing safeguarding services to children, young people, parents and carers \(DfE 2018\)](#). This guidance has been produced to support practitioners in the decisions they take to share information, which reduces the risk of harm to children and young people and promotes their well-being.
- All staff must have due regard for the relevant data protection principles which allow them to share (in the context of their role) and withhold personal information, as provided for in the Data Protection Act 2018 and GDPR.
- In order to promote positive educational outcomes for vulnerable children, including children with social workers information that can help to support positive outcomes being achieved will be shared with colleagues in school that are not DSL's or DDSL's as appropriate.
- **Working with parents and other agencies to protect children**

6.2.1 Parents/carers will be made aware of our in-school procedures in respect to taking any reasonable action to safeguard the welfare of its pupils. In cases where the school has reason to be concerned that a child may be suffering significant harm, ill treatment, neglect or other forms of harm, staff will follow the procedures for responding to suspected cases of child abuse or neglect outlined in this policy document and contact CSWS Duty and Advice team to discuss their concerns.

- In keeping with KCSIE, we will endeavour wherever possible to obtain at least two emergency contacts for every child in the school in case of emergencies, and in case there are welfare concerns at the home.
- In general, we will discuss concerns with parents/carers before approaching other agencies and will seek to inform parents/carers and receive their consent when making a referral to another agency. Appropriate staff will approach parents/carers after consultation with the DSL. The exception to this rule will be in situations where a member of staff has reasonable cause to believe that informing parents/carers of a referral to another agency may increase the risk of significant harm to the child.

- Parents/carers are informed about our Safeguarding & Child Protection policy through school prospectus, website, newsletters etc. A safeguarding & child protection statement is prominent in the school foyer/reception area.
- Where a parent/carer has expressed their intention to remove a child from school with a view to educating at home, the school will, working in partnership with the LA and other key professionals invite parents/carers to a meeting where possible Ideally, this would be before a final decision has been made, to ensure the parents/carers have considered what is in the best interests of the child. This is especially important where a child has SEND, is vulnerable, and/or has a social worker.
- **Multi-agency work**

6.3.1 We will co-operate with CSWS in accordance with the requirements of the Children Act 1989 and allow access to child and child protection records for them to conduct section 17 or section 47 assessments.

6.3.2 In the best interests of our pupils, we will work with all relevant professionals and agencies as required to safeguard children and promote their welfare.

- **Opportunities to teach safeguarding – Preventative Curriculum**

#### **Our role in the prevention of abuse**

We will identify and provide opportunities for children to develop skills, concepts, attitudes and knowledge to promote their safety and well-being.

- We will ensure that children are taught about safeguarding, including online safety, and recognise that a one size fits all approach may not be appropriate for all children, and a more personalised or contextualised approach for more vulnerable children, victims of abuse and some SEND children may be needed.
- As part of providing a broad and balanced curriculum, relevant issues will be addressed through the PSHE curriculum, including self-esteem, emotional literacy, assertiveness, power, relationship and sex education, online safety, online bullying, sexting, child exploitation (CSE/CCE), sharing nudes and semi-nudes, female genital mutilation (FGM), preventing radicalisation, peer on peer abuse, consent, online safety, anti-bullying, unhealthy and abusive family relationships. The curriculum will reflect the statutory Relationship Education, Relationship and Sex Education and Health Education (DfE 2020). Further support can be obtained from the Health & Wellbeing Service ([schoolwellbeing@leeds.gov.uk](mailto:schoolwellbeing@leeds.gov.uk)).
- Relevant issues will be addressed through other areas of the curriculum. For example, circle time, English, History, Drama, PSHE, Art and assemblies.

- **Other areas of work**

- All our policies that address issues of power and potential harm, e.g. Anti- Bullying, Equalities, Positive Handling, Behaviour, On-line Safety will be linked to ensure a whole school approach.
- Our Safeguarding and Child Protection policy cannot be separated from the general ethos of the school which is to ensure that children are treated with respect and dignity, feel safe, and are listened to.
- The school's online safety policy is reflective of the requirements set out in KCSiE (2021) in regards to content, contact, conduct and commerce. The school's online safety policy is aligned to the school behaviour policy and reflects our approach to issues of online safety (including the sharing of nudes and semi-nudes) that empowers us to protect and educate the whole school or college community in their use of technology and establishes mechanisms to identify, intervene in, and escalate any incident where appropriate.

- **Our role in supporting children**

**We will offer appropriate support to individual children who have experienced abuse or who have abused others.**

- In cases where children have experienced abuse/abused others, the DSL will ensure that appropriate support is offered. An individual support plan will be devised, implemented and reviewed regularly should the pupil (victim, perpetrator, of other child affected) require additional pastoral support/intervention. This plan will detail areas of support, who will be involved (i.e. learning mentor, key worker) and the child's wishes and feelings. A copy of the individual support plan will be kept in the pupil's child protection record (see Appendix 5).
- For children who have sexually harmed or may have sexually harmed peers, a RAMP will be completed that includes safety and support planning.

- **Children with additional needs**

- We recognise that while all children have a right to be safe, some children *may* be more vulnerable to abuse e.g. those with a disability, special educational need, mental health issues or those living with domestic violence or drug/alcohol abusing parents, parents mental health issues, learning disabilities, children who are in care or previously looked after, children having adverse childhood experiences etc..
- When the school is considering excluding, either for a fixed term period or permanently, a vulnerable pupil and/or a pupil who has social care involvement is either subject to a S47 Child Protection plan/child in need plan or there are/have previously been child protection concerns, we will undertake an informed (multi-agency where other professionals are involved) risk-assessment prior to making the decision to exclude. Schools would be advised to speak to the named social worker for the child where the exclusion will be to the home to ensure that any risk is assessed and speak to Area Inclusion Partnership for support if required. Schools should note advice in the [DFE Exclusions Guidance September 2017](#) Section 3. In situations that a looked after child is at risk of exclusion the school will notify the Virtual School. In the event of a one-off serious incident resulting in an immediate decision to permanently exclude, the risk assessment must be completed prior to convening a meeting of the governing board.

- **Children at risk of specific forms of abuse**
- This school follows the Leeds LSCP ([www.leedsLSCP.org.uk](http://www.leedsLSCP.org.uk)) online locally agreed multi-agency procedures, in circumstances where children are at risk of or specific forms of abuse as outlined in Part 1 and Annex of B KCSIE.
- **Remote Learning and Remote Welfare**
- If children are being asked to learn online at home, for example because of the coronavirus pandemic, schools and colleges should follow advice from the DfE on [safeguarding and remote education \(DfE, 2021b\)](#). In addition to following the Guidance for Safer Working Practice (Safer Recruitment Consortium, 2019) and the supporting COVID Addendum for Guidance for Safer Working Practice (Safer Recruitment Consortium, 2020)
- Where children are remote learning and the DSL has identified a child to be vulnerable, on the edge of social care support, or who would normally receive pastoral-type support in school, they should ensure that a robust communication plan is in place for that child or young person. The communication plans can include remote contact, phone contact, door-step visits. Other individualised contact methods should be considered and recorded. Details of this plan must be recorded, as should a record of contact made.
- We recognise that school is a protective factor for children and situations such as periods of national lockdown can affect the mental health of pupils and their parents/carers. Staff will be aware of these issues and have due regard for them in setting expectations of pupils' work where they are at home.
- **Female Genital Mutilation: The Mandatory Reporting Duty**
- The Department for Education's Keeping Children Safe in Education explains that FGM comprises "all procedures involving partial or total removal of the external female genitalia, or other injury to the female genital organs".
- FGM is illegal in the UK and a form of child abuse with long-lasting, harmful consequences. It is also known as 'female genital cutting', 'circumcision' or 'initiation'.
- **Any teacher** who discovers that an act of FGM appears to have been carried out on a **pupil under 18** must immediately (in consultation with the DSL) report this to the police, personally. This is a statutory duty, and teachers will face disciplinary sanctions for failing to meet it.
- The duty above does not apply in cases where a pupil is *at risk* of FGM or FGM is suspected but is not known to have been carried out. Staff must not examine pupils.
- **Any other member of staff** who discovers that an act of FGM appears to have been carried out on a **pupil under 18** must speak to the DSL and follow our local safeguarding procedures.
- **Any member of staff** who suspects a pupil is *at risk* of FGM, must speak to the DSL and follow our [local safeguarding children's partnership procedures](#).



- **Radicalisation and Terrorism**

- Radicalisation refers to the process by which a person comes to support terrorism and forms of extremism leading to terrorism. Terrorism is an action that endangers or causes serious violence to a person/people; causes serious damage to property; or seriously interferes or disrupts an electronic system. The use or threat must be designed to influence the government or to intimidate the public and is made for the purpose of advancing a political, religious or ideological cause.
- If staff are concerned about a change in the behaviour of an individual or see something that concerns them (**this could be a colleague too**) they must seek advice appropriately with the DSL who must contact the Education Safeguarding Team or the Prevent Education Officer– Julia Holden, 07891 273720 for further advice (see [appendix 9](#)).
- Schools and colleges are expected to assess the risk of children being drawn into terrorism, including support for extremist ideas that are part of terrorist ideology. This means being able to demonstrate both a general understanding of the risks affecting children and young people in the area and a specific understanding of how to identify individual children who may be at risk of radicalisation and what to do to support them. The Education Safeguarding Team and the Prevent team can advise and identify local referral pathways.
- Effective early help relies on all staff to be vigilant and aware of the nature of the risk for children and young people, and what support may be available. Our school will ensure that as far as possible all front-line staff will undertake Prevent awareness training (e.g. Workshop to Raise Awareness of Prevent [WRAP]).

- **Channel**

- Channel is a voluntary, confidential support programme which focuses on providing support at an early stage to people who are identified as being vulnerable to being drawn into terrorism. Prevent referrals may be passed to a multi-agency Channel panel, which will discuss the individual referred to determine whether they are vulnerable to being drawn into terrorism and consider the appropriate support required. A representative from the school or college may be asked to attend the Channel panel to help with this assessment. An individual's engagement with the programme is entirely voluntary at all stages.

- **Peer on peer abuse/ child on child**

- We recognise that children are capable of abusing their peers and that peer on peer abuse can manifest in many different ways, including bullying, cyber bullying, criminal and sexual exploitation, sexual harassment and violence, initiation/hazing, sharing of nudes and semi-nudes and abuse within intimate partner relationships. It is very clear that this type of abuse should always be treated seriously, and never just as banter, part of growing up or boys being boys. Our school has a zero tolerance approach to such attitudes and behaviours.
- All concerns around peer on peer /child on child abuse will be taken seriously, reported, investigated, recorded and managed in line with the child protection procedures outlined in this policy. Our school will ensure that at least one member of the school's safeguarding team has completed the 1 day LA training on understanding and managing harmful sexual behaviour in education settings

<https://www.leedsforlearning.co.uk/Training>. The DSL is responsible for providing support to all children involved in incidents of peer on peer sexual abuse.

- We recognise that sexual violence and/or sexual harassment can happen anywhere including educational settings. Where concerns of sexual violence or sexual harassment are witnessed, disclosed or reported to the school (including those that have happened outside of school) the concern will be taken seriously. We recognise that sexual violence and harassment exist on a continuum and may overlap; they can occur online and face to face (both physical and verbal) and are never acceptable. In responding to such concerns DSL must (where appropriate) always complete an AIM (Assessment, Intervention, Moving On) checklist and contact the Duty and Advice team if appropriate and follow the principles set out in Part 5 of KCSiE and the [DfE guidance on Sexual Violence and Sexual Harassment \(2021\)](#).
- We will ensure that the needs of children who may have/have sexually harmed others will be considered separately from the needs of those who have/may have been subject to sexual harm. Children who have/may have sexually harmed others will be responded to in a way that meets their needs as well as protecting others within the school community through a multi-agency risk assessment management plan (RAMP). Where appropriate there must be a coordinated multi-agency approach to risk assessment which will include involvement of parent/carers, social care, health, police and youth justice (where appropriate). From a best practice perspective the RAMP should be independently chaired. Further support and advice on AIM Checklists and/or undertaking a RAMP can be obtained from the Education Safeguarding Team.
- We will ensure that all children who may have/have been sexually harmed will be taken seriously and that they will be supported and kept safe.
- In cases where allegations of sexual violence and/or harassment are found to be unsubstantiated, unfounded, false or malicious, the DSL will consider whether the child or person who has made the allegation is in need of support or may have been abused by someone else. In cases where the report is found to be deliberately invented or malicious the school will consider whether it is appropriate to take any disciplinary action in keeping with the school's behaviour management policy.
- Where child exploitation (ie; criminal, sexual, trafficking, modern day slavery etc.), or the risk of it, is suspected, frontline practitioners must notify the designated member of staff for child protection, in line with the child protection policy reporting systems.
- The DSL must complete the child exploitation response checklist for partners (see [Appendix 7](#)) and refer to the table at the end of the tool to help decide how to proceed. A copy of the completed tool must be kept in the child's child protection records for future reference. The DSL can also refer a pupil to the monthly Multi-agency Child Exploitation (MACE) meeting (see [Appendix 8](#)) if it is felt that the criteria for referral is met and a discussion is warranted, information should be emailed to [chs.mace@leeds.gov.uk](mailto:chs.mace@leeds.gov.uk). Information provided should include: name; date of birth; what the risks are; what has been put in place to lessen the risk; and the plan that the child is subject to. Referrals will be triaged and if selected, the social worker, team manager or other relevant practitioner involved will be invited to attend the MACE meeting for a short discussion.
- If the child /young person already has an allocated social worker, the DSL must contact them (or their team manager) to discuss any concerns about child exploitation. Where children may currently be looked after or previously looked after the DSL should also notify the Designated Teacher for children looked after.

- A copy of the child exploitation risk identification tool for partners (see [Appendix 7](#)) for partners can be obtained from the LSCP Website: <https://www.leedsscp.org.uk/Practitioners/Child-Exploitation-and-Children-Missing-from-Home/County-Lines>
- We will ensure the school works in partnership with parents / carers and other agencies as appropriate. This includes facilitating return to home interviews as requested.
- **Children missing from education**
- A child going missing from education is a potential indicator of abuse or neglect. Where a child is reported to be missing education we will comply with our statutory duty to inform the local authority of any pupil who falls within the reporting notification requirements outlined in [Children Missing Education – Statutory guidance for local authorities \(DfE September 2016\)](#) and follow the Leeds Children’s Services LA procedure and contact: [cme@leeds.gov.uk](mailto:cme@leeds.gov.uk). Tel: 0113 3789686.
- Children who are absent, abscond or go missing during the school day are vulnerable and at potential risk of abuse, neglect, CSE or CCE including involvement in county lines. School and college staff members must follow the school’s or college’s procedures for dealing with children who are absent/ go missing, particularly on repeat occasions, to help identify the risk of abuse and neglect including sexual abuse or exploitation and to help prevent the risks of their going missing in future (see [Appendix 10](#)).
- **A Safer School Culture**

**The governing board will ensure that the following appropriate policies, and procedures are in place and shared with staff at the point of induction, in order for appropriate action to be taken in a timely manner to safeguard and promote children’s welfare:**

- Whistle Blowing/Confidential reporting policies (guidance to staff and volunteers on how they can raise concerns and receive appropriate feedback on action taken when staff have concerns about any adult’s behaviour)
- School’s procedures for managing children who are missing education
- Guidance on Safer Working Practices
- Safeguarding and Child Protection policy (including online safety).
- School behaviour policy
- The names, roles and responsibilities of the designated safeguarding lead and any deputies.
- **Safer Recruitment, selection and pre-employment vetting**
- The school pays full regard and commitment to following the safer recruitment, selection and pre-employment vetting procedures as outlined in part three of KCSiE
- The school will maintain a single central record which demonstrates the relevant vetting checks required including: a barred list check, DBS check at the correct level, identity, qualifications, prohibition order and right to work in the UK. (see Part 3 of KCSiE).
- All recruitment materials will include reference to the school’s commitment to safeguarding and promoting the wellbeing of pupils. (see [Appendix 6](#))

- The school will ensure that all recruitment panels include at least one person that has undertaken the safer recruitment consortium, safer recruitment training as recommended by the Local Authority/Leeds LSCP.
- For individuals who have lived or worked outside the UK, in addition to the same checks as all other staff, the school will complete any additional checks required to satisfy themselves that the individual is suitable to work with children. This may include obtaining a letter from the professional regulatory authority in the country (countries) in which the candidate has worked confirming that they have not imposed any sanctions or restrictions, and /or that they are aware of any reason why they are unsuitable to teach where possible.
- The school/ will ensure that written risk assessments are undertaken in situations where information provided on DBS certificates necessitates so. Written risk assessments must be undertaken for all volunteers **not** engaging in regulated activity. Advice and support for carrying out risk assessments can be accessed through the school's HR Advisor/Provider/Contact or the Education Safeguarding Team.
- **Managing allegations or safeguarding concerns against a member of staff or person in school procedures.**
- These procedures must be followed in any case in which it is alleged that a member of staff (including supply staff), governor, visiting professional or volunteer has met the harm test, this includes where an adult has:
  - behaved in a way that has harmed a child or may have harmed a child
  - possibly committed a criminal offence against or related to a child
  - behaved towards a child or children in a way that indicates s/he may pose a risk of harm to children
  - behaved or may have behaved in a way that indicates they may not be suitable to work with children. (*This includes any behaviour that may have happened outside of school that might make the individual unsuitable to work with children. This is known as transferable risk.*)
- All adults working in school have duty to disclose to the head teacher/principal (or chair of governors where appropriate) where their relationships and associations both within and outside of the workplace (including online) may have implications for safeguarding children in school.
- Examples of behaviours that would warrant an allegation or safeguarding concern by a member of staff could include:
  - Physical, for example intentional use of force as a punishment, slapping, use of objects to hit with, throwing objects or rough physical handling.
  - Emotional, for example intimidation, belittling, scapegoating, sarcasm, lack of respect for children's rights, and attitudes which discriminate on the grounds of race, gender, sex, disability or sexuality.
  - Sexual, for example sexualised behaviour towards pupils, grooming, sexual harassment, sexual assault and rape, sending inappropriate messages through social media and other technologies.

- Neglect which may include failing to act to protect a child or children, failing to seek medical attention or failure to carry out appropriate/proper risk assessment etc.
- A safeguarding complaint that meets the above criteria must be reported to the Head teacher/Principal (“case manager”) immediately. If the complaint involves the head teacher then the next most senior member of staff must be informed and the chair of governors. In our school the named case manager is Jane Hopwood. They will follow the processes outlined in this section.
- Where a Headteacher determines that a safeguarding allegation does not meet the harm threshold in line with the criteria above they will refer the matter to be managed in line with paragraphs 17.2.6-17.2.8 (inc.) by a designated manager with appropriate safeguarding training. It is important for Head teachers to carefully consider who in school is best placed to manage concerns that do not meet the harm threshold and ensure appropriate action is taken given the sensitive and confidential nature of the information relating to staff over time. In many cases Head teachers’ may decide to retain this role in the event that they have appropriate safeguarding training.
- All staff must fully understand that any adult behaviours that deviate from the Guidance for Safer Working Practice, including inappropriate conduct outside of work are a concern, even if they are low-level. Low-level concerns are concerns that do not meet the harm test/allegations threshold. Examples of such behaviour include:
  - *Being over familiar with children*
  - *Having favourites*
  - *Taking photographs of children on their mobile phone*
  - *Engaging with a child on a one-to-one basis in a secluded area or behind a closed door; or*
  - *Using inappropriate sexualised, intimidating or offensive language.*
- The case manager should ensure that the child is not at risk and where appropriate ensure that the child is referred to the local authority Duty and Advice team as referenced in Part 1 of KCSIE.
- The case manager should gather as much information about the alleged incident as necessary in order to establish whether there is substance to the allegation. In situations where the case manager determines that the harm test has not been met the case manager must ensure that there is a clear record of the incident, include any actions (including whether any HR advice had been sought and actioned) taken to address the concern raised. This record must be kept confidential, stored securely and comply with the Data Protection Act 2018 and the UK GDPR (2018). All low level concern records will be kept for (*please add period of time. NB: it is up to the school to determine how long they retain such information, but it is recommended that it is retained at least until the individual leaves their employment*).
- In situations where the case manager has sufficient information to suggest that the harm test/allegations threshold has been met, the case manager must use the local authority designated officer (LADO) notification form (see [Appendix 12](#)) in order to assess the level of concern, **prior to contacting the LADO**. As part of this initial consideration, the case manager should consult with their school’s HR Advisor/provider/contact or in the case of a supply member of staff the supply agency safeguarding lead/senior manager. The completed LADO notification form must be sent to [lado@leeds.gov.uk](mailto:lado@leeds.gov.uk) **within one working day of the allegation being made**. This will assist the case manager and

HR/supply agency senior manager in consultation with the LADO to decide on the most appropriate course of action. This includes when to inform the member of staff of the concerns raised. Parents or carers of the child or children involved should be told about the allegation as soon as possible if they do not already know of it.

- The case manager **must not** carry out an investigation or **directly interview** an individual about whom there is a concern until the above process has been duly completed and relevant partners have been consulted.
- A multi-agency allegations management meeting may be arranged to look at the complaint in its widest context. The case manager must attend this meeting, which will be arranged by the LADO. All issues must be recorded and the outcome reached must be noted to ensure closure.
- In many cases it may be appropriate to provide further training and support to staff/volunteers and ensure that they are clear about the expectations for their conduct.
- In more serious cases, allegations may be investigated under the formal disciplinary procedures and, where allegations are upheld, formal warnings issued as well as specific training and support. In cases where children/young people may be at further risk and/or evidence/witnesses may be compromised and/or the allegations are so serious that they may, if upheld, constitute gross misconduct, suspension of the member of staff/volunteer may be appropriate and should be considered in line with the school's Disciplinary Policy.
- Any staff/volunteers who are dismissed by the school for gross misconduct or cumulative misconduct relating to safeguarding of children/young people will be referred to the DBS for consideration of barring. Similarly, where the school has a reasonable belief that the member of staff/volunteer would have been dismissed by the school had they been employed at the time of the conclusion of investigations, they will be referred to the DBS. The school will keep written records of all of the above.
  - **LADO Contacts: Claire Ford, Carolyn Hargreaves or Jo Peake Tel: 0113 3789687**
  - **Advice can also be sought from Raminder Aujla – Team Manager Education Safeguarding Team 0113 3789637**
- Where a staff member feels unable to raise an issue with their employer or feels that their genuine concerns are not being addressed, staff can contact any of the professionals named in the above paragraph, in addition to other whistleblowing channels which may be open to them.
- The Leeds City Council whistleblowing policy states that concerns can be raised by the following methods:
  - Whistleblowing hotline 0113 3788008 (dedicated hotline answered by a member of the Internal Audit team or an answerphone).
    - E-mail [concerns@leeds.gov.uk](mailto:concerns@leeds.gov.uk)
    - In writing Internal Audit, 3rd Floor West, Civic Hall, Leeds, LS1 1JF
  - The NSPCC whistleblowing helpline is available for staff who do not feel able to raise concerns regarding child protection failures internally. Staff can call: 0800 028 0285 – line is available from 8:00am to 8:00pm, Monday to Friday and Email: [help@nspcc.org.uk](mailto:help@nspcc.org.uk).

- **Training and Support**

- All staff members will be made aware of systems within our school that support safeguarding and these will be explained to them as part of our staff induction. This includes: the school's/college's safeguarding/child protection policy; the school's safer working practice document and the school's whistleblowing procedures.
- We recognise the stressful and traumatic nature of child protection work. Support is available for any member of staff from Jane Hopwood. Access to regular and timely supervision is an essential form of support for all designated safeguarding staff. Children's Services Education Safeguarding team are also potentially available for advice and support (Tel: 0113 3789685).
- Designated Safeguarding staff must have attended the 3-day Children's Services Education child protection training course. They will attend refresher training at least every two years. The DSL will undertake Prevent Awareness Training (e.g. Workshop to Raise Awareness of Prevent [WRAP]) to enable them to provide advice and support to other members of staff on protecting children from the risk of radicalisation.
- The school will ensure all staff including temporary and volunteers receive induction and updated INSET appropriate to their roles and responsibilities, especially staff new to the school. All staff will access basic child protection training including online safety as part of the school's induction arrangements and refresher training at least every three years. All staff should have regular safeguarding, child protection training and online safety updates (for example, via email, e-bulletins, staff meetings), as required, but at least annually, to provide them with relevant skills and knowledge to safeguard children effectively. Access to training can be via the Children's Services Education Safeguarding Team and the LSCP.
- The Head teacher will attend appropriate 1 day safeguarding training at least every three years.
- Governors, including the nominated governor will attend specific training for their role, updated at least every three years.
- Any training accessed through third party/independent providers must reflect the LSCP protocols and the LSCP minimum standards checklist. This training will be recorded by the school on a separate database.
- The Head teacher and at least one member of the governing body that is not a staff governor must complete the National Safer Recruitment Training and refresh this training every five years.

- **Child Protection Records**

- **The responsibility to maintain, process, share, transfer and store child protection and safeguarding records in accordance with the Data Protection Act 2018 and the GDPR principles is the responsibility of the DSL and any safeguarding deputies. Child protection information will be held securely, with access being restricted to the DSL and their deputies, head teacher and in cases of Early Help, the nominated lead professional, if this is not a designated safeguarding lead/officer. For further information please see [Ear](#) [HYPERLINK](#)**

["https://www.leedsscp.org.uk/Practitioners/Early-Help-Introduction"](https://www.leedsscp.org.uk/Practitioners/Early-Help-Introduction)ly **HYPERLINK**

["https://www.leedsscp.org.uk/Practitioners/Early-Help-Introduction"](https://www.leedsscp.org.uk/Practitioners/Early-Help-Introduction)Help. **The**

**following information must be kept securely with restricted access, whether paper or electronic:**

- Chronology (summary of significant events and the actions and involvement of the school/college)
  - A clear and comprehensive summary of the concern
  - Details of how the concern was followed up and resolved
  - A note of any action taken, decisions reached and the outcome.
  - All completed child protection cause for concern records
  - Any child protection information received from the child's previous educational establishment
  - Records of discussions, telephone calls and meetings with colleagues and other agencies or services
  - Professional consultations
  - Letters and emails sent and received relating to child protection matters
  - Referral forms sent to CSWS, other external agencies or education-based services
  - Minutes or notes of meetings, e.g. child protection conferences, core group meetings, etc., copied to the file of each child in the family, as appropriate
  - Formal plans for, or linked to, the child e.g. child protection plans, Early Help (previously known as CAF's), risk assessments etc
  - A copy of any support plan for the pupil concerned (see Appendix 5)
- Where a pupil leaves their existing provision, we will ensure that the child protection file is transferred securely and separately from the main pupil file to the receiving school/educational establishment (where this is known) as soon as possible and within **5 school days**. This is a legal requirement set out under regulation 9 (3) of 'The Education (Pupil Information – England) Regulations 2005. A copy of the chronology must be retained for audit purposes.
  - Where there is an existing risk management plan/assessment in place for behaviours that are deemed potentially harmful to the pupil or others (i.e self-harming or harmful sexualised behaviour), this information must be shared with the destination provision prior to the pupil starting so that appropriate care and control measures can be put in place to mitigate the potential of any risk of further harm occurring. The DSL will also consider if it would be appropriate to share any information with the new school or college in advance of a child leaving, for example prior to a transfer programme.
  - Where a child leaves a school before statutory school leaving age, the child protection file must be transferred to the new school or college. There is no need to keep written or electronic copies of the child protection records, therefore these will be deleted from electronic systems once the successful transfer has been confirmed. The exception to this rule will be in any of the following instances:
    - Where a vulnerable young person is moving to a Further Education establishment, consideration will be given to the pupil's wishes and feelings about their child protection information being passed on, in order that the FE establishment can provide appropriate support. In cases where it is deemed appropriate, relevant child protection information must be shared via the FE Safeguarding Information Sharing Form only. The original records will be retained and archived by the school/college. Due consideration must be given to the sharing of any additional information requested by the receiving establishment.
    - Where the destination school is not known (*the original records will be retained by the school/college*)



- Where the child has not attended the nominated school (*the original records will be retained by the school/college*)
- There is any on-going legal action (*the original file will be retained by the school and a copy sent*)
- Where a child moves to a different school outside of the Leeds authority a copy of the child protection record will be retained for reference.
- Pupil records will be transferred in a secure manner, for example, through secure electronic file transfer or by hand. When hand-delivering pupil records, a list of the names of those pupils whose records are being transferred and the name of the school/college they are being transferred to must be made and a signature obtained from the receiving school/college as proof of receipt. When sending records through secure electronic file transfer, a delivery and read receipt of the must be retained for audit purposes.
- If a pupil moves from our school, child protection records will be forwarded onto the named DSL at the new school, with due regard to their confidential nature. Good practice suggests that this will always be done with a face to face handover between designated staff or a verbal conversation is had over the telephone if a face to face handover is not possible. A signed receipt of file transfer or electronic delivery and read receipt must be obtained for audit purposes by the delivering school.
- If sending by post, children records will be sent "Special Delivery". A note of the special delivery number will also be made to enable the records to be tracked and traced via Royal Mail.
- For audit purposes a note of all pupil records transferred or received will be kept in either paper or electronic format. This will include the child's name, date of birth, where and to whom the records have been sent, and the date sent and/or received. A copy of the child protection chronology will also be retained for audit purposes and kept securely.
- If a pupil is permanently excluded and moves to an alternative or specialist provision, child protection records will be forwarded onto the relevant organisation in accordance with the 'The Education (Pupil Information – England) Regulations 2005, following the above procedure for delivery of the records.
- If a parent chooses to electively home educate (EHE) their child, please contact the EHE team on [ehe@leeds.gov.uk](mailto:ehe@leeds.gov.uk) or 0113 3785028 for information on where the child protection record must be sent.
- When a DSL member of staff resigns their post or no longer has child protection responsibility, there will be a full face to face handover/exchange of information with the new post holder.
- In exceptional circumstances when a face to face handover is unfeasible, it is the responsibility of the head teacher to ensure that the new post holder is fully conversant with all procedures and case files.
- All DSLs receiving current (live) files or closed files must keep all contents enclosed and not remove any material.
- All receipts confirming file transfer must be kept in accordance with the recommended retention periods. For further information refer to the archiving section.
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- **Children's and parents' access to child protection files**
- Under Data Protection legislation (General Data Protection Regulation & Data Protection Act 2018) a pupil or their nominated representative have a number of legal rights in respect of information relating to them. These rights include the right to access and the right to rectification of inaccurate data. Therefore all information will be accurately recorded, objective in nature and expressed in a professional manner.
- Any child who has a child protection file has a right to request access to it. However, neither the child nor the parent has an automatic right to see all the information held in child protection records. Information can be withheld if disclosure:
  - could cause serious harm or is likely to cause serious harm to the physical or mental health or condition of the child or another person; or
  - could reveal that the child or another person has been a subject of or may be at risk of child abuse, and the disclosure is not in the best interests of the child; or
  - is likely to prejudice an on-going criminal investigation; or
  - information about the child also relates to another person who could be identified from it or the information has been given by another person who could be identified as the source, unless the person has consented to the disclosure or the person providing the information is an employee of the establishment or the Local Authority.
- It is best practice to make reports available to the child or their parents unless the exceptions described above apply. If an application is made to see the whole record, advice can be sought from the Leeds Adults, Health and Childrens Information Governance Hub.  
 Contact email: [IMG.AC@leeds.gov.uk](mailto:IMG.AC@leeds.gov.uk)  
 Telephone: 0113 3784251.
- The establishment's report to the child protection conference will (wherever possible) be shared with the child, if old enough, and parent at least two days before the conference.
- **Archiving**
- The school that the pupil attended until statutory school leaving age (or the school where the pupil completed sixth form studies) is responsible for retaining any child protection records they may hold. The recommended retention periods is 35 years from closure when there has been a referral to CSWS. If no referral has been made to CSWS, the child protection record will be retained until the child's 25th birthday, after which point the file will be destroyed confidentially/deleted (from our electronic system). The decision of how and where to store child protection files will be made by the school via the governing board. Due to sensitivity of the information, the records will continue to be held in a secure area with limited access e.g. designated officer or head teacher. The DSL is responsible for ensuring that all CP files are archived in accordance with the timescales referenced above. The DSL is responsible for ensuring that the appropriate timeframes for archiving and destroying child protection records referenced above are set on electronic systems accordingly for each pupil.
- **Safe Destruction of the pupil record**
- Where records have been identified for destruction, they will be disposed of securely at the end of the academic year (or as soon as practical before that time). Records which

have been identified for destruction will be confidentially destroyed. This is because they will either contain personal or sensitive information, which is subject to the requirements of Data Protection legislation or they will contain information which is confidential to school or the Local Education Authority. Information will be shredded (or deleted as appropriate) prior to disposal or confidential disposal can be arranged through private contractors. For audit purposes the school will maintain a list of records which have been destroyed and who authorised their destruction. This can be kept securely in either paper or an electronic format.

- **Safeguarding responsibilities for pupils in transition**
- In the event that a pupil transitions full-time from a primary setting into a high school setting before the end of their academic school year 6, the high school must place a pupil on their admissions register on the first day that the pupil attends and submit a new starter form to the local authority admissions team. Once the pupil is registered at the new school, the previous school can remove the pupil from their register. All safeguarding responsibilities, including attendance management, for the pupil will transfer to the head teacher and/or the senior designated safeguarding lead of the secondary setting. All child protection files, and risk assessments will be transferred in keeping with the guidance outlined in section 18 of this policy – Child Protection Records
- Where a vulnerable pupil transitions from a high school setting to a post-16 provision the school must complete the FE Safeguarding Information Sharing Form only ([Appendix 11](#)). All existing child protection records must be archived in keeping with the guidance outlined in section 18.3 of this policy –Archiving.